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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
08/914,536	08/19/1997	MICHAEL J. STEVENSON	STE ∇ E-106`	8667
75	90 05/16/2002			
ROBERT E. STRÁÚSS			EXAMINER	
	APHICS SYTEMS	CAMERON,		, ERMA C
P.O. BOX 1650 CLARKDALE, AZ 86324				
<i>•</i> 2,	0002 /		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1762	20
			DATE MAILED: 05/16/2002 50	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

,		T.D-31				
. ()	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	08/914,536	STEVENSON ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Erma C. Cameron	1762				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply . reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS atute. cause the application to become ABAN	be timely filed 0) days will be considered timely. 5 from the mailing date of this communication. DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	22 April 2002 .					
, —	This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for all	owance except for formal matter	rs, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice uno Disposition of Claims	der <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.				
4) Claim(s) 47-53 and 55 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>47-53 and 55</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election requirement.					
Application Papers	a.i.a.a.a					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection t						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on						
If approved, corrected drawings are required i						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internationa	l Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dom						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for don						
Attachment(s)	Е					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No) 5) Notice of Info	mmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
LS Patent and Trademark Office	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claims 47-53 and 55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for the composition as claimed in Claim 1 as originally filed, does not reasonably provide enablement for the broader composition of Claim 47. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

There is no evidence that limitations outside the scope of the originally filed claim 1 would be operative in the claimed invention.

The applicant did not address this rejection in the 4/22/2002 preliminary amendment.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.



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- 4. Claims 47-53 and 55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- a) Claim 47: <u>elevated temperature</u> is vague and indefinite, in that it could mean almost anything, from a few degrees above room temperature to extreme heat.
- b) Claim 52: there is no antecedent basis for said particulate thermoplastic powder.
- c) Claim 52: the meaning of first mixture is unclear. Is there a second mixture?
- d) Claim 55: the units of the density are not stated.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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6 Claims 47-53 and 55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over WO 96/23041.

'041 teaches a thermoplastic spray material for bonding to polyethylene (p4) where the composition comprises 5-95% polyolefin powder (which would be inclusive of polyethylene powder) with particle size less than 50 microns (p18-19), organic or inorganic pigments or mixtures, organic solvents or water or mixtures (p19), and resin particles such as rosins or hydrocarbon resins (p21). After application to a surface, the composition is heated (p20).

The composition of '041 overlaps with applicant's claimed ranges.

The subject matter as a whole would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have selected the overlapping portion of the range disclosed by the reference because overlapping ranges have been held to be a prima facie case of obviousness. See In re Malagari 182 USPQ 549.

Regarding applicant's arguments in the 4/22/2002 preliminary amendment that '041 cannot be applicable as a prior art reference, because "the claims of this application are supported in applicant's prior application, Serial No. 08/566906, now U. S. Patent 5746961" (page 6). The examiner does not understand what the rejection of the claims over WO 96/23041 has to do with US Patent 5746961. They are not related in any way.

7. Claims 47-53 and 55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Howell et al (3432339).

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'339 teaches coating a variety of substrates such as plastics (2:67) with a composition comprising 10-55 wt % of finely divided polyethylene powder with a 2-30 micron size and a density of .91-.925 (2:67-4:15), liquid carrier, a resin such as styrene-butadiene and colorant.

The composition appears to overlap with applicant's claimed ranges. The subject matter as a whole would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have selected the overlapping portion of the range disclosed by the reference because overlapping ranges have been held to be a prima facie case of obviousness.

See In re Malagari 182 USPQ 549.

The "various substrates" would be inclusive of molded polyethylene.

Conclusion

- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Erma C. Cameron whose telephone number is 703-308-2330. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-6:00, alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Shrive Beck can be reached on 703-308-2333. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-3599 for regular communications and 703-872-9475 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

ERMA CAMERON PRIMARY EXAMINER Erma C. Cameron Primary Examiner Art Unit 1762

May 14, 2002